

DISCLOSURE:
SARAH PLANTE HAS
NO RELATIONSHIPS
WITH INELIGIBLE
COMPANIES.

LEARNING OBJECTIVES

1

AT THE CONCLUSION OF THIS CPE ACTIVITY, PARTICIPANTS SHOULD BE ABLE TO;

- RECOGNIZE AND DESCRIBE DIFFERENT ZOONOTIC DISEASES: RABIES, LYME DISEASE, RINGWORM (DERMATOPHYTOSIS), LEPTOSPIROSIS, GIARDIA, AND TOXOPLASMOSIS
- DESCRIBE METHOD OF TRANSMISSION OF EACH DISEASE
- LIST THE TREATMENT OF EACH DISEASE (IF POSSIBLE)
- INDICATE THE SPECIES OF ANIMAL THAT CAN HARBOR THE DISEASE
- DESCRIBE HOW TO PREVENT THE DISEASE





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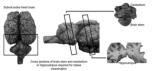


RABIES

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- BEST WAY TO "TREAT" RABIES IS TO PREVENT IT!
- VACCINATE YOUR DOGS, CATS
 - RABIES IS REQUIRED BY LAW IN DOMESTIC ANIMALS: DOGS, CATS, EVEN IF INDOORS ONLY CAT!
 - FERRETS CAN GET RABIES TOO!
 - IF YOUR ANIMAL COMES INTO CONTACT WITH ANY WILDLIFE SUSPICIOUS OF RABIES, THEY REQUIRE A
 BOOSTER <u>REGARDLESS</u> OF IF THEY ARE UP TO DATE OR NOT!
- HOW DO YOU KNOW IF AN ANIMAL IS POSITIVE FOR RABIES?



NDSU Veterinary Diagnostic Laboratory. Sample Submission Guidelines for Rabies Testing. 3/29/24. https://www.vdl.ndsu.edu/sample-submission-guidelines-for-rabies-testing/

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AT WHAT AGE IS THE EARLIEST A DOG OR CAT CAN RECEIVE THE RABIES VACCINATION?

- A. 8 WEEKS
- B. 6 MONTHS
- C. 12 WEEKS

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LYME DISEASE

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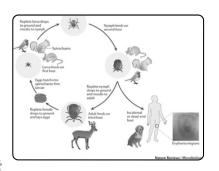
- BORRELIA BURGDORFERI, SPIROCHETE BACTERIA WITH TICK VECTOR
 - IXODES SCAPULARIS = MOST COMMON TICK VECTOR
- LIVES IN THE SALIVARY GLANDS OF THE TICK
 CATS TEND TO BE MORE RESISTANT TO TICK DISEASES
- CAN BE VERY DIFFICULT TO REMOVE TICKS, ESPECIALLY IF THEY ARE VERY SMALL MAKE SURE TO REMOVE THE ENTIRE HEAD!
- APPROXIMATELY 90-95% OF DOGS ARE ASYMPTOMATIC

Original Author Linda G. Shell DVM. Revised by Kari Rothrock DVM. Lyme Disease [Zoonotic] (Canine). 3/28/24. https://www.vin.com/doc/?id=4953582&pid=607c32a12bf-ecf8-401f-b02e-473a9692d340.1712025702

LYME DISEASE

- DOES NOT COME FROM THE DOG, BUT THE DOG CAN BRING IN TICKS THAT CAN BITE YOU!
- DOGS DO NOT GET THE TYPICAL "BULLSEYE" PATTERN LIKE HUMANS! USUALLY JUST A VERY RED, IRRITATED SPOT

Radolf, J., Caimano, M., Stevenson, B. et al. Of ficks mice and men: understanding the dual-host lifestyli of Lyme disease spirochaetes. Nat Rev Microbiol 10 87-99 (2012). https://doi.org/10.1038/nrmicro2714



Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, http://phil.cdc.gov/phil/

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LYME DISEASE - TREATMENT

- TREATMENT IS DOXYCYCLINE, AT 5 MG/KG Q12H FOR 28 DAYS
- PREVENTION IS ALSO KEY!
 - MAKE SURE YOUR DOG IS UP TO DATE ON THE LYME VACCINE YEARLY— HELPS PREVENT PROTEINS (OSP A AND OSP C) FROM BINDING TO THE HOST'S CELLS (MERCK NOBIVAC)
 - FLEA AND TICK PREVENTION YEAR-ROUND!! MULTIPLE PRODUCTS AVAILABLE: NEXGARD, NEXGARD PLUS, REVOLUTION PLUS, BRAVECTO, SIMPARICA TRIO, FRONTLINE
 - Natural Prevention: Vetriscience Vetri Repel Spray (Lemongrass oil, Cinnamon oil, Sesame oil, Castor oil)

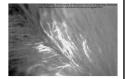
Original Author Linda G. Shell DVM. Revised by Karl Rothrock DVM. Lyme Disease (Zoonotic) (Canine). 3/28/2https://www.vin.com/doc/?id=4953582&pid=607c32a126f-ecf8-4016-b02e-473a9692d3401712025702



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RINGWORM (DERMATOPHYTOSIS)

- Caused by two species of fungi: Microsporum and Trichophyton
- . M. CANIS MOST COMMON W/ CATS AND DOGS
- ANIMAL-TO-ANIMAL OR ANIMAL-TO-HUMAN CONTACT
- IMMUNE COMPROMISED OR PRE-EXISTING SKIN LESIONS MORE LIKELY TO DEVELOP
- TCHY? NOT ALWAYS A TYPICAL PRESENTATION ON EXAM, EITHER.
 - MOST "TYPICAL" CASES LOOK LIKE PATCHY HAIR LOSS, CAN BE CIRCULAR OR GEOGRAPHIC IN SHAPE, OFTEN TIMES SEEN AROUND EYES, FACE, EARS
- Does not have to look like a ring on animals! The name comes from its appearance on human skin



Original Author Linda G. Shell DVM. Revised by Kathy Tater DVM and Alexandra Gould DVM. Dermatophylosis (Zoonofic) (Feline). 3/30/24. https://www.vin.com/doc/?id=5885893&pid=607c32a12bf-ecf8-401f-b02e-473a9692d340.1712630982

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RINGWORM - TREATMENT

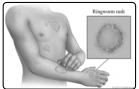
- MILD OR FOCAL CASES = MICONAZOLE CREAM OR SHAMPOO (USUALLY USED IN COMBINATION); TERBINAFINE (LAMISIL, LOTRIMIN) WORKS WELL AS A SINGLE AGENT
- Immune compromised or more resistant cases = ITRACONAZOLE
- ALSO MAKE SURE YOU WASH EVERYTHING THAT CAN BE IN HOT, SOAPY WATER! YOU CAN ALSO USE DILUTE BLEACH ON ITEMS THAT CAN'T BE FIT INTO A WASHER OR SINK

Original Author Linda G. Shell DVM. Revised by Kathy Tater DVM and Alexandra Gould DVM. Dermatophytosis (Zoonofic)
[Feline]. 3/30/24, https://www.vin.com/doc/?id=56858938.pid=607c32a12bf-ecf8-401f-b02e-473a9692d340.1712630982

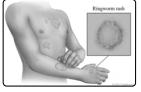
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RINGWORM IN HUMANS

- TYPICAL PRESENTATION
- ITCHY!!!
- PREVENTABLE
- MOST PEOPLE THAT GET RINGWORM ARE EITHER IN THE VETERINARY FIELD OR HAVE THEIR OWN PETS



Healthwise Staff. Ringworm skin rash. 3/31/24. https://www.cigna.o



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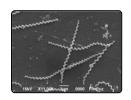
LEPTOSPIROSIS

- DIFFERENT SPECIES OF LEPTOSPIRA:
 GRIPPOTYPHOSA, BRATISLAVA, AUTUMNALIS,
 AND PONOMA
- · Dog, Rat, Racoon, Skunk, Cow, Pig, MICE
- COMMONLY FOUND IN WARM, WET, HUMID ENVIRONMENTS: STAGNANT AND SLOW-MOVING WATER; PONDS, PUDDLES, BROOKS WITH OFFSHOOTS



LEPTOSPIROSIS - TREATMENT

- DOXYCYCUNE 5 MG/KG Q12H x 14 DAYS
- MAY NEED HOSPITALIZATION, USUALLY SIGNS ARE SEVERE WHEN DIAGNOSIS OCCURS
 - IVF w/ LRS or Normal Saline common, IV doxycycline
- Gastroprotectants, such as maropitant at 1 mg/kg [IV/SQ] to 2 mg/kg (PO) or famotidine at 1 mg/kg (IV/SQ) to 2 mg/kg (PO)
- SAM=E OR URSODIOL ALSO FOR HEPATIC SUPPORT
- If they survive treatment, may have lingering Kidney or Liver dz; may need to continue with supportive care;
 - LOW PROTEIN PRESCRIPTION KIDNEY DIET (PURINA NF, HILL'S K/D, ROYAL CANIN RENAL SUPPORT)
- DENAMARIN (SAM-E) PREVENTION = LEPTOSPIROSIS VACCINATION YEARLY



Original Author Rhea V. Morgan DVM. Revised by Karl Rothrock DVM. Leptospirosis [Zoonotic] (Canine). 3/30/24. https://www.vin.com/doc/?id=4953584&pid=607c32a12bf-ecf8-401f-b02e-473a9692d340.1712631608

LEPTO IN HUMANS

- VERY SIMILAR TO DOGS
- FEVER, FLU-LIKE SYMPTOMS, JAUNDICE
- . FIRST AND SECOND PHASE
 - FIRST PHASE MORE MILD
 - SECOND PHASE MORE SEVERE CAN END WITH KIDNEY OR LIVER FAILURE, OR EVEN MENINGITIS

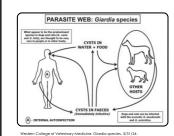
CDC. Leptospirosis: Signs and Symptoms. 4/8/24, https://www.cdc.gov/leptospirosis/symptoms/index.html



SPIROCHETE BACTERIA ARE COMMONLY TREATED WITH WHAT ANTIBIOTIC?

- A. DOXYCYCLINE
- B. CLINDAMYCIN
- C. AMOXICILLIN-CLAVULANIC ACID

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GIARDIA

- PROTOZOAL INTESTINAL PARASITE
- NOT A WORM
- Can have antigen present for 6 months posttreatment of infection
- CYSTS ARE THE INFECTIVE STAGE
- DIARRHEA OCCURS SECONDARY TO MALABSORPTION, MALDIGESTION, AND HYPERSECRETION OF FLUIDS
- CAN BE ASYMPTOMATIC

Original Author Linda G. Shell DVM. Revised by Jacqueline Brister DVM and Kari Rothrock DVM. Giardiasis (Zoonotic)
(Canine): 3/30/24. https://www.vin.com/doc/?id=4953185&pid=607c32a12b1=cf8-4011-072e-47399692d340.1712632200

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GIARDIA -TREATMENT

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- TYPICALLY A COMBINATION TREATMENT OF PANACUR (FENBENDAZOLE) AND METRONIDAZOLE
- Dosages for metronidazole vary depending on clinic; our dosing is 25 mg/kg q24h x 7 days
- FENBENDAZOLE POWDERED GRANULES (DOSED PER LB) X5 DAYS OR 50 MG/KG Q24H X 5 DAYS FOR THE 100 MG/ML SUSPENSION

Original Author Linda G. Shell DVM. Revised by Jacqueline Brister DVM and Kari Rothrock DVM. Giardiasis (Zoonotic) (Canine). 3/28/24. https://www.vin.com/doc/?id=4953185&pid=607c32a12bf-ec(8-401f-b02e-473a9692d340.1712632200

GIARDIA IN PEOPLE

DIARRHEA MOST COMMON SYMPTOM
CAN BE ON/OFF FOR A LONG TIME

MOST ZOONOTIC INTESTINAL PARASITES ARE SPREAD THROUGH WHAT MODE OF TRANSMISSION?

AEROSOLDED

B. MILIECTION FIROUGH BREAK IN THE SMA.
C. PECALONEL

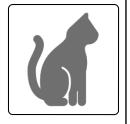
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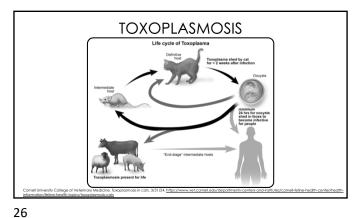
TOXOPLASMOSIS

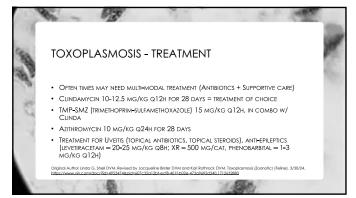
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- . ANOTHER PROTOZOAL PARASITE, INTRACELLULAR IN TISSUES
 - TOXOPLASMA GONDII CATS ARE THE ONLY DEFINITIVE HOSTS, BUT CATS, DOGS AND PEOPLE CAN BE INTERMEDIATE HOSTS AS WELL
- MAIN METHOD OF INFECTION IN PEOPLE IS FECAL-ORAL
 - CATS SHED THE CYSTS IN THEIR FECES, OWNERS CLEAN THEIR LITTER BOX, AND THEN EAT, DRINK, OR OTHER ACTIVITIES WITHOUT WASHING THEIR HANDS
 - Immunocompromised and Pregnant people most commonly affected
- CATS MOST OFTEN DISPLAY NEURO SIGNS, FEVER, ANOREXIA, RESPIRATORY SIGNS, OCULAR SIGNS









TOXOPLASMOSIS IN HUMANS

- PREVIOUSLY CDC RECOMMENDED CHILDREN, PREGNANT WOMEN, AND IMMUNOCOMPROMISED SHOULD AVOID CATS
- Not 100% necessary anymore
- Just need to keep sanitary/good hygiene
- HAVE YOUR PARTNER CLEAN THE LITTER BOX

CDC. Toxoplasmosis: Treatment. 4/8/24. https://www.cdc.gov/parasites/toxoplasmosis/treatment.html

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WHAT ZOONOTIC DISEASE CAUSES AN ITCHY, CIRCULAR RED LESION ON THE SKIN?

- A. LYME DISEASE
- B. RINGWOR
- C. LEPTOSPIROSIS

FINAL THOUGHTS...

- PREVENTION IS KEY FOR ZOONOTIC DISEASES
 - TREATMENT OFTEN TIMES CAN BE MORE DIFFICULT AND MORE COSTLY THAN PREVENTION
 - BUT PREVENTION IS NOT ALWAYS 100% EFFECTIVE
- HAND WASHING IS AN EFFECTIVE WAY TO PREVENT MANY ZOONOTIC DISEASES
- Must take into consideration wildlife in our own yards

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